

SWITZERLAND

Was the 2022 annual report submitted?	Yes – On time
Was the 2022 annual report made public?	Yes
Was data withheld for 'commercial sensitivity/national security-related' reasons?	No
What reporting template was used?	ATT online reporting tool
Were reports submitted in previous years in which reports were due?	Were submitted reports made publicly available?
2018 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2018 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2019 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2019 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2020 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2020 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2021 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2021 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2022 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2022 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>



REPORTING PRACTICE SUMMARY - 2022

Switzerland's reporting changed slightly in 2022.

Switzerland reported **Authorized Numbers** of major conventional weapons and SALW exports, in contrast to 2021 when it reported **Actual Numbers** of major conventional weapons exports and **Authorized Numbers** of SALW exports.

Switzerland continued to report **Actual Numbers** of major conventional weapons imports and **Authorized Numbers** of SALW imports.

**GOOD PRACTICES**

Switzerland provided clear, disaggregated data on each reported export and import.

Switzerland provided comments describing the nature of its major conventional weapons exports.

**ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT**

Switzerland could provide descriptions of its major conventional weapons exports and more descriptions and comments describing the nature of its SALW transfers and major conventional weapons imports.

Switzerland could indicate clearly that there were no reported exports or imports in specific weapons categories and sub-categories rather than leaving relevant sections of the reporting template blank.

**TRANSFER SUMMARY - 2022: EXPORT DATA**

- Switzerland reported exports to 47 countries in 2022. Of these, 38 were ATT States Parties, four were Signatories, and five were non-members (Egypt, Indonesia, Kuwait, Oman and Qatar).
- Switzerland reported the export of 186 major conventional weapons, covering three categories. These were armoured combat vehicles (98.4 per cent), missiles and missile launchers (missiles, etc.) (1.1 per cent) and large-caliber artillery systems (0.5 per cent).
- The main importers of major conventional weapons from Switzerland were Denmark (46.2 per cent), Belgium (11.8 per cent) and Spain (10.8 per cent).
- Switzerland reported the export of 33,651 SALW items covering seven sub-categories. Of these, the majority were sub-machine guns (56.3 per cent), rifles and carbines (22.9 per cent) and revolvers and self-loading pistols (12.5 per cent).
- The main importers of SALW from Switzerland were the United States (75.1 per cent), France (3.6 per cent) and Canada (3.4 per cent).

**TRANSFER SUMMARY - 2022: IMPORT DATA**

- Switzerland reported imports from 29 countries in 2022. Of these, 25 were ATT States Parties, and four were Signatories.
- Switzerland reported the import of 77 major conventional weapons items, covering two categories. These were large caliber artillery systems from Spain (97.4 per cent) and battle tanks from Sweden (2.6 per cent).
- Switzerland reported the import of 13,623 SALW items, covering seven sub-categories. Of these, the majority were revolvers and self-loading pistols (92.5 per cent), assault rifles (4.8 per cent) and rifles and carbines (2.2 per cent).
- The main exporters of SALW to Switzerland were Austria (66.1 per cent), Germany (17 per cent) and United States (11.8 per cent).