

NEW ZEALAND

Was the 2022 annual report submitted?	Yes – On time
Was the 2022 annual report made public?	Yes
Was data withheld for 'commercial sensitivity/national security-related' reasons?	No
What reporting template was used?	ATT reporting template
Were reports submitted in previous years in which reports were due?	Were submitted reports made publicly available?
2018 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2018 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2019 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2019 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2020 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2020 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2021 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2021 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2022 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2022 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>



REPORTING PRACTICE SUMMARY - 2022

New Zealand's reporting changed slightly in 2022.

New Zealand reported **Actual Numbers** of major conventional weapons exports and **Authorized Numbers** of light weapons. It continued to report **Authorized Numbers** of small arms exports and exports of shotguns under voluntary national categories.

New Zealand continued to report **Authorized Numbers** of SALW imports and imports of shotguns under voluntary national categories. It did not report imports of major conventional weapons.

**GOOD PRACTICES**

New Zealand provided clear, disaggregated data for each reported export and import.

New Zealand provided descriptions of major conventional weapons exports.

New Zealand indicated clearly that there were no reported exports or imports in specific weapons categories and sub-categories.

New Zealand reported exports and imports under voluntary national categories and provided extensive information in Annex 2 to clarify specific national definitions of Category VIII weapons (SALW) and of its voluntary national categories.

**ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT**

New Zealand could provide more descriptions and comments describing the nature of its exports and imports.

New Zealand did not provide descriptions of the reported imports under the light weapons 'others' category.

**TRANSFER SUMMARY - 2022: EXPORT DATA**

- New Zealand reported exports to 34 countries in 2022. Of these, 18 were ATT States Parties, four were Signatories and seven were non-members (Egypt, Fiji, Indonesia, Kuwait, Papua New Guinea, Sri Lanka and Tonga).¹
- New Zealand reported the export of nine armoured combat vehicles to Chile.
- New Zealand reported the export of 1,385 SALW items covering four sub-categories. Of these, the majority were revolvers and self-loading pistols (47.1 per cent), rifles and carbines (45.2 per cent) and hand-held under barrel and mounted grenade launchers (5.4 per cent).
- The main importers of SALW from New Zealand were New Caledonia (35.8 per cent), Australia (17.6 per cent) and Papua New Guinea (10.6 per cent).

**TRANSFER SUMMARY - 2022: IMPORT DATA**

- New Zealand reported imports from 40 countries in 2022. Of these, 26 were ATT States Parties, six were Signatories and two were non-members (Egypt and Kyrgyzstan).²
- New Zealand did not report imports of major conventional weapons in its 2022 annual report.
- New Zealand reported the import of 30,668 SALW items covering eight sub-categories. Of these, the majority were rifles and carbines (75.6 per cent), 'others' (small arms) (17.9 per cent) and revolvers and self-loading pistols (4.2 per cent).
- The main exporters of SALW to New Zealand were Brazil (25 per cent), United States (14.5 per cent) and Japan (14.4 per cent).
- Under voluntary national categories, New Zealand reported the import of 6,517 shotguns. The main exporters were Türkiye (44.6 per cent), Italy (32.6 per cent) and Brazil (10.6 per cent).

1 New Zealand also reported exports to five non-UN members (Cook Islands, French Polynesia, Isle of Man, New Caledonia and Norfolk Island)

2 New Zealand also reported imports from six non-UN members (Aruba, Hong Kong, New Caledonia, Norfolk Island, Taiwan and Viet Nam)