

FRANCE

Was the 2022 annual report submitted?	Yes – Missed deadline
Was the 2022 annual report made public?	Yes
Was data withheld for 'commercial sensitivity/national security-related' reasons?	Unspecified – Not indicated
What reporting template was used?	National reporting template
Were reports submitted in previous years in which reports were due?	Were submitted reports made publicly available?
2018 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2018 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2019 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2019 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2020 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2020 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2021 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2021 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2022 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2022 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>



REPORTING PRACTICE SUMMARY - 2022

France continued to report **Actual Numbers** of major conventional weapons and SALW exports. It continued to report **Actual Numbers** of imports of SALW.

**GOOD PRACTICES**

France provided clear, disaggregated data for every reported export and import.

France provided descriptions of items for all reported exports and imports. These descriptions named the sub-category of weapons and, in some cases, provided additional details such as calibers. It also provided some comments describing the nature of its transfers.

France indicated clearly that there were no reported exports or imports in specific weapons categories and sub-categories.

**ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT**

France did not specify whether reported exports of combat aircraft and attack helicopters were manned or unmanned, per UN Registry Definitions of Categories as outlined in Article 2 of the ATT.

France could provide more comments describing the nature of more of its reported transfers.

France did not provide information on final exporting states for its reported imports of SALW.

**TRANSFER SUMMARY - 2022: EXPORT DATA**

- France reported exports to 36 countries in 2022. Of these, 21 were ATT States Parties, six were Signatories and eight were non-members (Egypt, India, Indonesia, Kuwait, Morocco, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and Uzbekistan).¹
- France reported the export of 842 major conventional weapons, covering five categories. The majority of imports were missile and missile launchers (missiles, etc.) (57.5 per cent), armoured combat vehicles (13.9 per cent) and large caliber artillery systems (12.1 per cent).
- The main importers of major conventional weapons from France were Ukraine (27.2 per cent), Qatar (12 per cent) and Morocco (8.8 per cent).
- France reported the export of 2,740 SALW items. Of these, the majority were revolvers and self-loading pistols (42.2 per cent), portable anti-tank guns (25.8 per cent) and heavy machine guns (21.6 per cent).
- The main importers of SALW from France were Ukraine (48.2 per cent), United States (25.3 per cent) and Chad (11.1 per cent).

**TRANSFER SUMMARY - 2022: IMPORT DATA**

- France did not report imports of major conventional weapons in its 2022 annual report.
- France reported the import of 23,432 SALW items. Of these, the majority were assault rifles (47.4 per cent), revolvers and self-loading pistols (43.5 per cent) and hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers (5.1 per cent).

¹ France also reported exports to one non-UN member (Kosovo).