

## DENMARK

Was the 2022 annual report submitted?	Yes – Missed deadline
Was the 2022 annual report made public?	Yes
Was data withheld for 'commercial sensitivity/national security-related' reasons?	Yes
What reporting template was used?	ATT reporting template
Were reports submitted in previous years in which reports were due?	Were submitted reports made publicly available?
2018 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2018 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2019 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2019 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2020 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2020 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2021 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2021 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2022 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2022 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>



### REPORTING PRACTICE SUMMARY - 2022

Denmark's reporting changed slightly in 2022.

Denmark reported **Actual** and **Authorized Numbers** and **Values** of major conventional weapons. It continued to report **Authorized Numbers** of small arms exports and **Actual Numbers** of light weapons exports.

Denmark continued to report **Actual Numbers** of major conventional weapons imports and a combination of **Authorized** and **Actual Numbers** of small arms imports. It reported **Actual Numbers** of light weapons imports, whereas in 2021 it reported a mix of **Authorized** and **Actual Numbers** of light weapons imports.

**GOOD PRACTICES**

Denmark provided descriptions and comments of some of its reported exports and imports.

Denmark indicated clearly that there were no reported exports or imports in specific weapons categories and sub-categories.

Denmark specified where information was withheld for 'commercial sensitivity/national security-related' reasons and for which weapon sub-category.

**ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT**

Denmark could indicate which reported transfers were authorized and which ones were actual in the cases where both boxes were ticked.

Denmark could provide more comments describing the nature of its reported imports and exports.

Denmark aggregated countries supplying some of its imports and exports, making it impossible in some cases to determine from where small arms items were imported.

**TRANSFER SUMMARY - 2022: EXPORT DATA**

- Denmark reported exports to four countries in 2022. Of these, three were ATT States Parties and one was a Signatory.
- Denmark reported the export of 492 major conventional weapons<sup>1</sup>, with a total value of €1.5m (US\$1.6m)<sup>2</sup> covering two categories.
- In terms of numbers, these were missile and missile launchers (MANPADS) (82.7 per cent) and armoured combat vehicles (17.3 per cent).
- Denmark reported the export of 5,886<sup>3</sup> SALW items, covering six sub-categories. Of these, the majority were portable anti-tank missile launchers and rocket systems (45.9 per cent), rifles and carbines (33.2 per cent) and 'others' (small arms) (12.7 per cent).

**TRANSFER SUMMARY - 2022: IMPORT DATA**

- Denmark reported imports from seven countries in 2022. Of these, six were ATT States Parties and one was a Signatory.
- Denmark reported the import of 120 major conventional weapons items, covering three categories. In terms of numbers, the majority of these were armoured combat vehicles (50.8 per cent), large-caliber artillery systems (25.8 per cent) and missile and missile launchers (missiles, etc.) (23.3 per cent).
- Denmark reported the import of 14,003 SALW items, covering seven sub-categories. Of these, the majority were rifles and carbines (53.6 per cent), 'others' (small arms) (37.8 per cent) and revolvers and self-loading pistols (8.1 per cent).

1 Denmark also reported exports of large-caliber artillery systems, missiles, and missile launchers (missiles, etc.) to Ukraine, so the number is likely to be higher.

2 Currency conversion via OECD Data, reflecting 2022 annual conversion rate. <https://data.oecd.org/conversion/exchange-rates.htm>

3 Denmark also reported exports of heavy machine guns to Ukraine, so the number is likely to be higher.