SLOVENIA

| Was the 2021 annual report submitted? | Yes – On time |
| Was the 2021 annual report made public? | Yes |
| Was data withheld for ‘commercial sensitivity/national security-related’ reasons? | No |
| What reporting template was used? | ATT reporting template |

| Were reports submitted in previous years in which reports were due? | 2017 ✓ | 2018 ✓ | 2019 ✓ | 2020 ✓ | 2021 ✓ |

REPORTING PRACTICE SUMMARY - 2021

Slovenia’s reporting changed slightly in its 2021 annual report.

Slovenia reported Actual Numbers and Values of major conventional weapons exports, as opposed to 2020 when it did not report any major conventional weapons exports. It continued to report Actual Numbers and Values of small arms exports. It did not report exports of light weapons as it did in its 2020 report.

Slovenia reported Actual Numbers and Values of major conventional weapons imports, as opposed to 2020 when it did not report any major conventional weapons imports. It continued to report Actual Numbers and Values of SALW imports.
Slovenia reported imports from six countries. Of these, five were ATT States Parties and one was a Signatory.

Slovenia reported the import of 38 armoured combat vehicles, indicating the United States as the state of origin.

Slovenia reported the import of 125 SALW items, covering six sub-categories. Of these, the majority were assault rifles (56 per cent), heavy machine guns (24.8 per cent) and sub-machine guns (8 per cent).

The main exporters of SALW to Slovenia were Germany (36 per cent), the United States (30.4 per cent) and Austria (21.6 per cent).

Slovenia could provide more comments describing the nature of its small arms exports and SALW imports.

Slovenia could have indicated clearly that there were no reported exports or imports in some small arms categories and sub-categories rather than leaving relevant sections of the reporting template blank.

Slovenia provided clear, disaggregated data for each reported import and export as well as both numbers and values of each reported transfer.

Slovenia provided descriptions of all reported exports and imports as well as comments on some transfers.

Slovenia indicated clearly that there were no reported exports or imports in specific major conventional weapons categories and sub-categories rather than leaving relevant sections of the reporting template blank.

Slovenia reported exports to 29 countries. Of these, 21 were ATT States Parties, three were Signatories and four were non-members (Indonesia, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan and Russian Federation).1

Slovenia reported the export of eight major conventional weapons, all missiles and missile launchers (missiles, etc.) to the Russian Federation.

Slovenia reported the export of 29,684 small arms with a total value of €6.7m (US$8m).2 In terms of value, the majority were revolvers and self-loading pistols (99.7 per cent) and sub-machine guns (0.2 per cent).

The main importers of small arms from Slovenia were the United States (83.5 per cent), Brazil (5.4 per cent) and Israel (1.5 per cent).

1 Slovenia also reported exports to one non-UN member (Kosovo).