# NEW ZEALAND

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Yes – On time</th>
<th>No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Was the 2021 annual report submitted?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Was the 2021 annual report made public?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Was data withheld for 'commercial sensitivity/national security-related' reasons?</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What reporting template was used?</td>
<td>ATT reporting template</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## REPORTING PRACTICE SUMMARY - 2021

New Zealand's reporting changed slightly in its 2021 report.

New Zealand continued to report **Authorized Numbers** of small arms exports and exports of shotguns under voluntary national categories. It did not report exports of major conventional weapons or light weapons.

New Zealand continued to report **Authorized Numbers** of SALW imports and imports of shotguns under voluntary national categories. It did not report imports of major conventional weapons.
New Zealand reported imports from 26 countries and territories. Of these, 20 were ATT States Parties and three were Signatories.

New Zealand did not report imports of major conventional weapons.

New Zealand reported the import of 31,867 SALW items, covering eight sub-categories. Of these, the majority were rifles and carbines (75.4 per cent), ‘others’ (small arms) (19.5 per cent) and revolvers and self-loading pistols (3.5 per cent).

The main exporters of SALW to New Zealand were Brazil (17.8 per cent), Finland (17 per cent) and the United States (14.8 per cent).

New Zealand reported the import of 8,399 shotguns under National Voluntary Categories. The main exporters of shotguns under voluntary national categories were Türkiye (62.2 per cent), Italy (22.7 per cent) and the United States (6.8 per cent).

New Zealand reported exports to 21 countries and territories. Of these, 12 were ATT States Parties, two were Signatories and five were non-members (Fiji, Indonesia, Oman, Papua New Guinea and Tonga).

New Zealand did not report exports of major conventional weapons.

New Zealand reported the export of 859 small arms, covering two sub-categories. These were rifles and carbines (69.4 per cent) and revolvers and self-loading pistols (30.6 per cent).

The main importers of small arms from New Zealand were China (29.6 per cent), New Caledonia (26 per cent) and Australia (14.2 per cent).

New Zealand reported the export of 630 shotguns under voluntary national categories. The main importers of shotguns under national voluntary categories were Australia (54.3 per cent), New Caledonia (17.8 per cent) and Papua New Guinea (14.6 per cent).

New Zealand provided clear, disaggregated data for each reported export and import.

New Zealand reported exports and imports under voluntary national categories and provided extensive information in Annex 2 to clarify specific national definitions of Category VIII weapons (SALW) and of its voluntary national categories.

New Zealand provided comments of imports reported under small arms ‘others’ sub-categories.

New Zealand could provide descriptions and comments describing the nature of all its exports and imports.

New Zealand could have indicated clearly that there were no reported exports of major conventional weapons and light weapons as it did in 2020, rather than leaving relevant sections of the reporting template blank.