ITALY

Was the 2021 annual report submitted? Yes – On time
Was the 2021 annual report made public? Yes
Was data withheld for 'commercial sensitivity/national security-related' reasons? No
What reporting template was used? ATT online reporting tool

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2017</th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>2020</th>
<th>2021</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Were reports submitted in previous years in which reports were due?</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
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<td>Were submitted reports made public?</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
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</tbody>
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REPORTING PRACTICE SUMMARY - 2021

Italy’s reporting changed slightly in its 2021 annual report.

Italy continued to report Authorized Numbers of small arms and major conventional exports, except for small arms ‘light machine guns’ sub-category that was not specified. It did not report exports of light weapons, as opposed to 2020 when it reported Authorized Numbers of light weapons exports.

Italy continued to report Authorized Numbers of SALW imports. It did not report imports of major conventional weapons, as opposed to 2020 when it reported Authorized Numbers of major conventional weapons imports.

Italy specified that its definitions of the terms ‘exports’ and ‘imports’ cover export and import licenses Authorized in 2021.1

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1 For import licenses. Italy specifies that intra-EU transfers do not require import licenses and therefore they are not reflected in its annual report.
ITALY

GOOD PRACTICES

Italy continued to provide clear, disaggregated data for most of its reported imports and exports, including export destination and import source countries.

Italy indicated clearly that there were no reported exports and imports of major conventional weapons and SALW in specific weapons categories and sub-categories rather than leaving relevant sections of the reporting template blank, except for the exports of the small arms 'others' sub-category that was not specified.

ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

Italy could provide descriptions and comments describing the nature of all reported exports and imports.

TRANSFER SUMMARY - 2021: EXPORT DATA

• Italy reported exports to 42 countries. Of these, 23 were ATT States Parties, seven were Signatories and 12 were non-members (Bolivia, Brunei, Egypt, Indonesia, Kenya, Morocco, Nepal, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, Sri Lanka and Uzbekistan).

• Italy reported the export of 13,885 major conventional weapons, covering four categories. In terms of numbers, the majority of these were armoured combat vehicles (91 per cent) and missiles and missile launchers (missiles, etc.) (8.1 per cent).

• In terms of numbers, the main importers of major conventional weapons from Italy were the United States (82.5 per cent), Spain (7.6 per cent) and the Netherlands (6.6 per cent).

• Italy reported the export of 116,281 small arms, covering five sub-categories. Of these, the majority were revolvers and self-loading pistols (88.2 per cent), rifles and carbines (6.6 per cent) and assault rifles (4.6 per cent).

• The main importers of small arms from Italy were Brazil (69.5 per cent), Qatar (21.7 per cent) and Morocco (5.6 per cent).

TRANSFER SUMMARY - 2021: IMPORT DATA

• Italy reported imports from six countries. Of these, four were ATT States Parties and two were Signatories.

• Italy did not report imports of major conventional weapons.

• Italy reported the import of 3,250 SALW, covering five sub-categories. Of these, the majority were rifles and carbines (80 per cent), revolvers and self-loading pistols (15.2 per cent) and hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers (3.2 per cent).

• The main importers of SALW to Italy were Switzerland (78.2 per cent), the United States (18.5 per cent) and the United Kingdom (3.1 per cent).