PORTUGAL

Was the 2020 annual report submitted? Yes – On time

Was the 2020 annual report made public? Yes

Was data withheld for 'commercial sensitivity/national security-related' reasons? No

What type of report was submitted? ATT reporting template

Were reports submitted in previous years in which reports were due? 2016 ✓ 2017 ✓ 2018 ✓ 2019 ✓ 2020 ✓


REPORTING PRACTICE SUMMARY - 2020

Portugal’s reporting changed in its 2020 annual report.

Portugal continued to report Authorized Numbers of small arms exports. As in its 2019 report, it did not report exports of major conventional weapons and light weapons.

Portugal did not specify whether imports of major conventional weapons and SALW were authorized or actual. In its 2019 report, it had reported actual numbers and values of major conventional weapons imports and authorized numbers of most of its small arms imports. It had also reported actual numbers and values for the rest of its SALW imports.
GOOD PRACTICES
Portugal provided clear, disaggregated data on all reported exports and imports.

ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT
Portugal did not specify whether it was reporting authorized or actual imports.
Portugal could provide descriptions and comments describing the nature of its reported transfers.

TRANSFER SUMMARY - 2020: EXPORT DATA
• Portugal reported exports to 33 countries. Of these, 28 were ATT States Parties, three were Signatories and two were non-members (Kuwait and Tunisia).
• Portugal did not report any exports of major conventional weapons.
• Portugal reported the export of 73,910 small arms items, covering two sub-categories. The majority of these were rifles and carbines (99.6 per cent).
• In terms of numbers, the main importers of small arms items from Portugal were the United States (47.1 per cent), Belgium (42.5 per cent) and Spain (2.5 per cent).

TRANSFER SUMMARY - 2020: IMPORT DATA
• Portugal reported imports from 22 countries. Of these, 19 were ATT States Parties and three were Signatories.
• Portugal reported the import of 45 major conventional weapons items: 44 missiles and missile launchers (missiles etc.) from France and one manned combat aircraft from Italy.
• Portugal reported the import of 10,993 SALW, covering six sub-categories. Of these, the majority were assault rifles (43.5 per cent), rifles and carbines (32 per cent) and revolvers and self-loading pistols (13.5 per cent).
• In terms of numbers, the main exporters of SALW items to Portugal were Belgium (59.9 per cent), Italy (10.1 per cent) and Germany (9.4 per cent).