PERU

REPORTING PRACTICE SUMMARY - 2019

Peru’s reporting changed in its 2019 annual report.

Peru continued to submit a ‘nil’ report for exports.

Peru reported Authorized Numbers and Values of major conventional weapons imports, though it did not report any major conventional weapons imports in its 2018 report.

Peru reported Actual Numbers and Values for small arms imports and Authorized Numbers and Values for light weapons imports, after reporting in most cases actual and in one case authorized numbers for small arms imports in its 2018 report, along with actual numbers and values for light weapons imports.
GOOD PRACTICES

Peru provided clear, disaggregated data for all reported imports.
Peru provided numbers and values for all SALW imports.
Peru provided descriptions on all reported imports, as well as some comments describing the nature of its transfers.

ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

Peru could provide more comments describing the nature of its reported imports.

TRANSFER SUMMARY - 2019: EXPORT DATA

- Peru submitted a ‘nil’ exports report in 2019.

TRANSFER SUMMARY - 2019: IMPORT DATA

- Peru reported imports from 12 countries in 2019. Of these, ten were ATT States Parties and two were Signatories.
- Peru reported the import of 2,308 major conventional weapons items, with a total value of US$4.3m. In terms of value, these were armoured combat vehicles (51 per cent) and missiles and missile launchers (missiles, etc.) (49 per cent).
- In terms of value, the exporters of major conventional weapons items to Peru were Germany (51 per cent), Bosnia and Herzegovina (38 per cent) and Bulgaria (12 per cent).
- Peru reported the import of 9,494 SALW items, covering three sub-categories. In terms of value, these were ‘others’ (small arms) (65 per cent), portable anti-tank guns (33 per cent) and heavy machine guns (1 per cent).
- In terms of value, the main exporters to Peru were Spain (35 per cent), Austria (30 per cent) and the United States (11 per cent).