

## LITHUANIA

Was an Annual Report submitted by 31 May 2018?	Yes
Was the Annual Report made public?	Yes
Was a 'nil' report submitted for exports or imports in 2017?	No
Was data withheld for 'commercial sensitivity/national security-related' reasons?	No



### Good practices:

Lithuania provided clear, consistent and disaggregated data for each reported import and export.

Lithuania provided descriptions of all exports and imports of major conventional weapons and some imports of SALW.



### Room for improvement:

Lithuania included descriptions of some SALW imports, but did so selectively.

Lithuania could provide additional end-use and/or end-user information in comments.

### Transfer summary - 2017: Export Data

- Lithuania reported exports to five countries in 2017. Of those, four were ATT States Parties and one was a Signatory.
- Lithuania reported one export of major conventional weapons, one armoured combat vehicle to the United States.
- Lithuania reported the export of 224 SALW items, all of which were rifles and carbines. The total value of these items was €332,534 (US\$374,723).<sup>1</sup> 56 per cent of these items were exported to Latvia.

### Reporting practice summary - 2017

Lithuania's reporting practice changed slightly in 2017. In 2016, it reported Authorized Numbers and Values of SALW exports and imports. In 2017, however, it reported **Actual Numbers** of all exports and imports of major conventional weapons and SALW. It also reported **Values** of all SALW exports and of some major conventional weapons and SALW imports.

### Transfer summary - 2017: Import Data

- Lithuania reported imports from 21 countries in 2017. Of these, 17 were ATT States Parties, three were Signatories and one was a non-member (Canada).
- Lithuania reported the import of 56 major conventional weapons, spanning three categories. 54 per cent of these items were large-calibre artillery systems imported from Israel, and 36 per cent were missiles and missile launchers (specifically, MANPADS) from Poland.
- Lithuania reported the import of a total of 11,424 SALW items, spanning six sub-categories. 80 per cent were rifles and carbines and 10 per cent were hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers.
- The main exporters of SALW to Lithuania were Germany (76 per cent), Austria (6 per cent) and Finland (6 per cent).

<sup>1</sup> Currency conversion via OECD Data, reflecting 2017 annual conversion rate. <https://data.oecd.org/conversion/exchange-rates.htm>.