

HUNGARY

Was an annual report submitted by 31 May 2019?	No, missed deadline
Was the Annual Report made public?	Yes
Was a 'nil' report submitted for exports or imports in 2018?	No
Was data withheld for 'commercial sensitivity/national security-related' reasons?	No
What type of report was submitted?	ATT reporting template



Good practices:

Hungary provided clear, disaggregated data for each reported import and export. Hungary provided descriptions and/or comments describing the end-use and/or end-user for all reported exports and imports. Hungary provided full names for the countries designated as exporting or importing states after providing undefined country codes in its 2017 report.



Room for improvement:

Hungary could clearly indicate that there were no reported exports or imports in specific weapons categories and sub-categories rather than leaving relevant spaces blank.

Transfer summary - 2018: Export Data

- Hungary reported exports to nine countries in 2018. Of these, seven were ATT States Parties, one was a Signatory and one was a non-member (Egypt).
- Hungary did not report any exports of major conventional weapons.
- Hungary reported the export of 467 SALW items, covering three sub-categories. Of these, the majority were rifles and carbines (89 per cent).
- The main importers of SALW from Hungary were Slovakia (34 per cent), Croatia (30 per cent) and Romania (24 per cent). The Soviet Union¹ was the state of origin for all light weapons exports.

Reporting practice summary - 2018

Hungary's reporting changed slightly in its 2018 annual report.

Hungary did not report exports of major conventional weapons, though it did in its 2017 report. It reported **Actual Numbers** of SALW exports.

Hungary reported **Actual Numbers** of major conventional weapons and small arms imports. It did not report light weapons imports, though it did in its 2017 report.

Transfer summary - 2018: Import Data

- Hungary reported imports from 12 countries in 2018. Of these, nine were ATT States Parties and three were Signatories.
- Hungary reported the import of four major conventional weapons items: one battle tank from the Czech Republic (for demilitarization/exhibition) and three armoured combat vehicles from Slovakia (for spare parts). The Soviet Union² was the state of origin for both transfers.
- Hungary reported the import of a total of 35,466 small arms items, covering five sub-categories. Of these, the majority were revolvers and self-loading pistols (72 per cent), assault rifles (10 per cent) and sub-machine guns (10 per cent).
- The main exporter of small arms to Hungary was the Czech Republic (90 per cent). Hungary reported different states of origin for two reported small arms imports.

1 In this case, the Soviet Union is a historical state of origin.

2 Ibid.