

SWITZERLAND

Was the 2024 annual report submitted?	Yes – On time	Was the 2024 annual report made public?	Yes		
Was data withheld for 'commercial sensitivity/ national security-related' reasons?	No	What reporting template was used?	ATT reporting template 2021		
Were reports submitted in previous years in which reports were due?	2020 ☒	2021 ☒	2022 ☒	2023 ☒	2024 ☒
Were submitted reports made publicly available?	2020 ☒	2021 ☒	2022 ☒	2023 ☒	2024 ☒

REPORTING PRACTICE SUMMARY – 2024

Switzerland's reporting practice changed slightly in 2024.

Switzerland continued to report **Actual Numbers** of major conventional arms exports. It reported a combination of **Authorized** and **Actual Numbers** of SALW exports, after reporting **Authorized Numbers** in 2023.

Switzerland reported **Actual Numbers** of SALW imports. In 2023, it reported **Actual Numbers** of small arms imports and a combination of **Actual** and **Authorized Numbers** of light weapons imports.

GOOD PRACTICES

Switzerland disaggregated most reported transfers by weapon category, sub-category and trading partner.

Switzerland provided descriptions and comments for all reported exports of major conventional arms, as well as for many reported SALW imports.

ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

Switzerland did not list all final importing States for its exports of armoured combat vehicles.

Switzerland could clearly indicate there were no reported exports or imports in specific categories and sub-categories of arms, rather than leaving relevant sections of the reporting template blank.

Switzerland could provide descriptions and comments for all reported transfers.

In the 'Contents of report' box on the first page of the template, Switzerland indicated it included national definitions of categories of conventional arms reported. However, it did not provide any such definitions.

TRANSFER SUMMARY – 2024: EXPORT DATA

- Switzerland reported exports to 43 countries. Of these, 33 were ATT States Parties, six were Signatories and four were non-States Parties (Azerbaijan, Egypt, Jordan and Saudi Arabia) at the beginning of the 2024 reporting year.¹
- Switzerland reported the export of 88 major conventional arms covering four categories. The majority were armoured combat vehicles (59.1 per cent), battle tanks (28.4 per cent) and MANPADS (6.8 per cent).
- The main importers of major conventional arms from Switzerland were Germany (36.4 per cent), Denmark (10.2 per cent) and France (6.8 per cent). For approximately one-third (36.4 per cent) of reported exports of major conventional arms, no final importing State was given.
- Switzerland reported the export of 61,238 small arms and light weapons covering eight sub-categories. The majority were revolvers and self-loading pistols (67.7 per cent), sub-machine guns (15.8 per cent), and rifles and carbines (9.2 per cent).
- The main importers of SALW from Switzerland were the United States (83.4 per cent), Canada (6.0 per cent) and Germany (2.4 per cent).

TRANSFER SUMMARY – 2024: IMPORT DATA

- Switzerland reported imports from four countries, all of which were ATT States Parties.
- Switzerland did not report any imports of major conventional arms.
- Switzerland reported the import of 3,075 small arms and light weapons covering six sub-categories. The vast majority were portable anti-tank missile launchers and rocket systems (95.7 per cent), revolvers and self-loading pistols (2.3 per cent) and heavy machine guns (1.8 per cent).
- The main exporters of SALW to Switzerland were Germany (98.0 per cent), Belgium (1.8 per cent) and Norway (0.1 per cent).

¹ Colombia is listed as a Signatory State because it became an ATT State Party on 13 January 2025.