

REPUBLIC OF KOREA

Was the 2024 annual report submitted?	Yes – Missed deadline	Was the 2024 annual report made public?	Yes		
Was data withheld for 'commercial sensitivity/national security-related' reasons?	Yes	What reporting template was used?	ATT reporting template 2021		
Were reports submitted in previous years in which reports were due?	2020 ☒	2021 ☒	2022 ☒	2023 ☒	2024 ☒
Were submitted reports made publicly available?	2020 ☒	2021 ☒	2022 ☒	2023 ☒	2024 ☒

REPORTING PRACTICE SUMMARY – 2024

The Republic of Korea continued to report **Authorized Numbers** of major conventional arms and small arms and light weapons exports.

The Republic of Korea continued to report **Authorized Numbers** of major conventional arms imports. It also reported **Numbers** of SALW imports but did not specify whether these were **Authorized** or **Actual**. In 2023, the Republic of Korea reported **Authorized Numbers** of small arms imports.

The Republic of Korea indicated its reporting data is based on licenses granted (**Authorized**).

GOOD PRACTICES

The Republic of Korea consistently disaggregated all transfers by weapon category, sub-category and trading partner.

The Republic of Korea clearly indicated there were no reported exports or imports in specific categories and sub-categories of arms.

The Republic of Korea provided descriptions for all reported transfers.

ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

The Republic of Korea did not tick the relevant boxes to indicate whether SALW imports were authorized or actual.

The Republic of Korea excluded some data for 'commercial sensitivity/national security-related' reasons, but did not specify where or what type of information was withheld.

The Republic of Korea could provide comments on the nature of all reported transfers.

TRANSFER SUMMARY – 2024: EXPORT DATA

- The Republic of Korea reported exports to nine countries. Of these, six were ATT States Parties, two were Signatories and one was a non-State Party (Kenya).
- The Republic of Korea reported the export of 153 major conventional arms covering six categories. The vast majority were large-calibre artillery systems (53.6 per cent), battle tanks (36.6 per cent) and manned attack helicopters (5.2 per cent).
- The main importers of major conventional arms from the Republic of Korea were Poland (82.4 per cent), Norway (7.8 per cent) and Kenya (5.2 per cent).
- The Republic of Korea reported the export of 7,861 small arms and light weapons covering five sub-categories. These were almost entirely assault rifles (99.7 per cent) exported to the Philippines.

TRANSFER SUMMARY – 2024: IMPORT DATA

- The Republic of Korea reported imports from five countries. Of these, four were ATT States Parties and one was a Signatory.
- The Republic of Korea reported the import of five major conventional arms. Of these, three were MANPADS (60.0 per cent) from the United States and two were missiles (40.0 per cent) from France.
- The Republic of Korea reported the import of 601 small arms and light weapons covering four sub-categories. The majority were revolvers and self-loading pistols (83.2 per cent), followed by assault rifles (15.5 per cent) and 'other small arms' (1.0 per cent).
- The main exporters of SALW to the Republic of Korea were Austria (83.2 per cent), the United States (12.8 per cent) and Bulgaria (2.7 per cent).