

ITALY

Was the 2024 annual report submitted?	Yes – On time	Was the 2024 annual report made public?	Yes		
Was data withheld for 'commercial sensitivity/national security-related' reasons?	No	What reporting template was used?	ATT reporting template 2021		
Were reports submitted in previous years in which reports were due?	2020 ☒	2021 ☒	2022 ☒	2023 ☒	2024 ☒
Were submitted reports made publicly available?	2020 ☒	2021 ☒	2022 ☒	2023 ☒	2024 ☒

REPORTING PRACTICE SUMMARY – 2024

Italy's reporting practice changed slightly in 2024, when it shifted from using the ATT online reporting tool in 2023 to the ATT reporting template.

Italy continued to report **Authorized Numbers** of major conventional arms and SALW exports.

Italy continued to report **Authorized Numbers** of major conventional arms and SALW imports.

Italy specified it defines the terms 'exports' and 'imports' as 'licenses authorized in 2024'. It also clarified that, since intra-EU transfers do not require import licenses, these 'are not available'.

GOOD PRACTICES

Italy disaggregated all reported transfers by weapon category, sub-category and trading partner.

ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

Italy could indicate clearly there were no reported exports or imports in specific categories and sub-categories of arms, instead of leaving those fields blank.

Italy could provide descriptions and comments for all reported transfers.

TRANSFER SUMMARY – 2024: EXPORT DATA

- Italy reported exports to a total of 46 countries and non-UN members. Of these, 25 were ATT States Parties, five were Signatories and 14 were non-States Parties (Azerbaijan, Bolivia, Egypt, Indonesia, Jordan, Morocco, Nepal, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Tunisia, Uganda and Uzbekistan).¹
- Italy reported the export of 209 major conventional arms covering six categories. The majority were manned attack helicopters (34.0 per cent), armoured combat vehicles (21.5 per cent) and large-calibre artillery systems (20.6 per cent).
- The main importers of major conventional arms from Italy were the Republic of North Macedonia (23.9 per cent), Ukraine (21.1 per cent) and the United Kingdom (19.6 per cent).
- Italy reported the export of 116,202 small arms and light weapons covering seven sub-categories. The majority were assault rifles (51.8 per cent), revolvers and self-loading pistols (39.5 per cent), and rifles and carbines (3.6 per cent).
- The main importers of small arms and light weapons exported by Italy were Qatar (35.3 per cent), Saudi Arabia (26.3 per cent) and Guatemala (8.6 per cent).

TRANSFER SUMMARY – 2024: IMPORT DATA

- Italy reported imports from five countries. Of these, three were ATT States Parties and two were Signatories.²
- Italy reported the import of 29 large-calibre artillery systems from the United Kingdom.
- Italy reported the import of 5,167 small arms and light weapons covering five sub-categories. The majority were assault rifles (97.7 per cent), rifles and carbines (1.4 per cent), and revolvers and self-loading pistols (0.5 per cent).
- The main exporters of small arms and light weapons to Italy were Switzerland (98.0 per cent), the United States (1.9 per cent) and Türkiye (0.04 per cent).

¹ Italy reported exports to two non-UN members (Holy See and Taiwan).

² Italy indicated that 'intra UE transfer do not require import license and therefore are not available'; consequently, reported import data likely does not include all Italian imports from other EU Member States.